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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO |
|---|-------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 10/827,217 | 04/19/2004 | Tony Quisenberry | 27889-00072USPT | 2926 |
| 7590 03/01/2006 | | | EXAMINER | |
| JENKENS & GILCHRIST, A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION | | | MCKINNON, TERRELL L | |
| Stanley R. Moo | re | | | |
| Suite 3200 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| 1445 Ross Avenue Dallas, TX 75202 | | | 3753 | |
| | | | DATE MAIL ED: 03/01/2004 | , |

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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | |
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| | 10/827,217 | QUISENBERRY ET AL. | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | |
| | Terrell L. Mckinnon | 3753 | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | ears on the cover sheet with the c | orrespondence address | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE | N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133). | |
| Status | | | |
| Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>28 Not</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under Expression. | action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | |
| 4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-4,6-12 and 14-18 is/are pending in t 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-4, 6-12 and 14-18 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | vn from consideration. | | |
| Application Papers | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on 8/26/2004 is/are: a) a Applicant may not request that any objection to the c Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner | accepted or b) objected to by t drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj | e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of | s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | on No ed in this National Stage | |
| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other: | | |

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 3, 10 and 16-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Akachi (U.S. 6,026,890) in view of Kato et al. (U.S. 4,830,100).

Akachi's invention discloses low-profile heat transfer device all of the claimed limitations from above except for a generally planar portion for positioning substantially near the at least one heat generating component; a low-profile extrusion having an inner and outer external surface and having a first sealed end and a second sealed end, the low-profile extrusion being curved upon itself into a generally toroidal shape such that the second sealed end is disposed generally opposite the first sealed end; wherein the first sealed end and the second sealed end are oriented opposite from the generally planar portion; and a fin structure extends along a portion of the low-profile extrusion excluding the generally planar portion.

3. However, Kato teaches the use of a low-profile multi-channeled heat pipe, wherein an inner and outer external surface and having a first sealed end and a second sealed end; a generally planar portion for positioning substantially near the at least one heat generating component; the low-profile extrusion being curved upon itself into a

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generally toroidal shape such that the second sealed end is disposed generally opposite the first sealed end; a generally planar portion for positioning substantially near at least one heat generating element (obvious modification based on Kato's figs. 2, 4, 7, 9, 13-15 and 17); wherein the first sealed end and the second sealed end are oriented opposite from the generally planar portion; and the fin structure extends along a portion of the low-profile extrusion excluding the generally planar portion.

Given the teachings of Kato, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the low-profile heat transfer device of Akachi with an inner and outer external surface and having a first sealed end and a second sealed end, the low-profile extrusion being curved upon itself into a generally toroidal shape such that the second sealed end is disposed generally opposite the first sealed end; wherein the first sealed end and the second sealed end are oriented opposite from a generally planar portion; a generally planar portion for positioning substantially near at least one heat generating element; and the fin structure extends along a portion of the low-profile extrusion excluding the generally planar portion.

Doing so would provide an alternate arrangement for joining the sealed ends and efficiently cooling heat-generating devices.

4. Claims 2, 4, 7-9 and 11-15 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Akachi (U.S. 6,026,890) in view of Kato et al. (U.S. 4,830,100) as applied to claims above, and further in view of Li (U.S. 6,315,033).

Akachi's invention, as modified by Kato, discloses all of the claimed limitations from above except for a spring structure abutting the fin; the fin structure extends along

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at least a portion of an interior surface of the low-profile extrusion; the fin structure is formed of a single extrusion; the fin structure extends across the first sealed end and the second sealed end of the low-profile extension; drawing air comprises pushing and /or pulling air through the generally toroidally-shaped heat pipe.

5. However, teaches Li teaches a heat dissipating device comprising a spring structure abutting the fin; the fin structure extends along at least a portion of an interior surface of the low-profile extrusion; the fin structure is formed of a single extrusion; the fin structure extends across the first sealed end and the second sealed end of the low-profile extension; drawing air comprises pushing and/or pulling air through the generally toroidally-shaped heat pipe.

Given the teachings of Li, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to further modify the low-profile heat pipe of Akachi with a spring structure abutting the fin; the fin structure extends along at least a portion of an interior surface of the low-profile extrusion; the fin structure is formed of a single extrusion; the fin structure extends across the first sealed end and the second sealed end of the low-profile extension; drawing air comprises pushing and /or pulling air through the generally toroidally-shaped heat pipe.

Doing so would provide an efficient securing means for thermally connecting the heat sink with a heat-generating device.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Terrell L. Mckinnon whose telephone number is 571-272-4797. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday -Thursday and every other Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Blau can be reached on 571-272-4406. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Terrell L Mckinnon Primary Examiner Art Unit 3753 February 6, 2006